

Reference: 4109

Technical Data Sheet

Product: MRS AGAR

Specification

Solid culture medium for detection, isolation and cultivation of lactobacilli and other lactic acid bacteria from food and beverages according to de Man, Rogosa and Sharpe.

Presentation

20 Tubes	Packaging Details	Shelf Life	Storage
Tube 17 x 145 mm	17x145 mm glass tubes, ink labelled, metal-Non injectable cap 20 tubes	12 months	8-25 ºC
with: 20 ± 0.3 ml	per box .		

Composition

Composition (g/l):	
Peptone proteose	10.0
Meat extract	8.00
Yeast extract	4.0
D-(+)-Glucose	20.0
Sodium acetate	
Triammonium citrate	2.0
Magnesium sulfate	0.20
Manganese sulfate	0.05
Dipotassium phosphate	2.00
Polysorbate8	
Agar	

Description / Technique

MRS Agar is a medium used for the cultivation of lactobacilli. It is a modification of a medium based on the highly nutritious properties of tomato juice. The addition of magnesium, manganese and acetate, together with polysorbate, provides an improved medium for the growth of lactobacilli, including very fastidious species such as Lactobacillus brevis and Lactobacillus fermentum.

The quality of the peptones in addition to the meat and yeast extracts, combine all the necessary growth factors that make MRS medium one of the best media for the cultivation of lactobacilli. As the selectivity of this medium is low and contaminants tend to grow subculturing in a (double layer) solid medium, and then in broth is recommended to increase selectivity. In many cases, growth is encouraged by incubation in a CO₂ enriched atmosphere.

Collect, dilute and prepare samples and volumes as required according to specifications, directives, official standard regulations and/or expected results.

Melt the medium contained in the tubes in a water bath or in a microwave oven, avoiding overhating, before pouring into Petri dishes when cooled to room temperature.

Once solidified on a flat surface, spread tha plate by streaking methodology or by spiral method. Incubate he plates right side up aerobically at at 30 ±1°C for 72 ±3h.

(Incubation times greater than those mentioned above or different incubation temperatures may be required depending on the sample, on the specifications...; adequate humidity and presence of carbon dioxide will stimulate the cultures. This medium can be inoculated directly or after enrichment broth like MRS broth, incubated under microaerophilic conditions to promote lactobacilli enrichment)

After incubation, enumerate all the colonies that have appeared onto the surface of the agar.

Each laboratory must evaluate the results according to their specifications.

Calculate total microbial count per ml of sample by multiplying the average number of colonies per plate by the inverse dilution factor if streaked a diluted sample. Report results as Colony Forming Unit (CFU's) per ml or g along with incubation time and temperature.

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Quality control

Physical/Chemical control

Yellowish-brown pH: 6.1 ± 0.2 at 25°C Color:

Microbiological control

Melting - pour plates - inoculation Practical range 100 \pm 20 CFU. min. 50 CFU (productivity) / 10^3 - 10^4 CFU (qualitative selectivity).

Microaerofilic incubation at 30 ±1 °C for 72 ±3 h

Microbiological control according to ISO 11133:2014/A1:2018.

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Escherichia coli ATCC® 25922, WDCM 00013 Lactobacillus sakei ATCC® 15521 Lactococcus lactis ATCC® 19435 Pediococcus pentosaceus ATCC® 33316

Growth

Poor to good Good (≥70 %) Good (≥70 %) Good (≥70 %)

Sterility Control

Incubation 48 hours at 30-35 °C and 48 hours at 20-25 °C: NO GROWTH. Check at 7 days after incubation in same conditions.

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